Financial Statements of

CANADIAN COUNCIL OF THE BLIND

Year ended December 31, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Directors of the Canadian Council of the Blind

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Canadian Council of the Blind, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017, the statements of operations, changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Canadian Council of the Blind as at December 31, 2017, and its results of operations, changes in fund balances and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants
Ottawa, Canada
May 11, 2018

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

\$	248,464 40,569 19,233 308,266 309,459 71,285	\$	213,011 49,234 24,167 286,412 310,549
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	71,285		010,040
			158,497
\$	689,010	\$	755,458
\$	162 395	\$	144,752
Ψ	,	Ψ	58,570
	223,010		203,322
	57,327		125,209
	-		13,200
	84,852		33,288
	323,821		380,439
	408,673		413,727
\$	689,010	\$	755,458
	\$	\$ 162,395 60,615 223,010 57,327 - 84,852 323,821 408,673	\$ 689,010 \$ \$ 162,395 \$ 60,615 223,010 57,327 - 84,852 323,821 408,673

Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

		2017		2016
Revenue:				
Donations:				
Donations - Special Campaign	\$	2,164,162	\$	2,211,957
Donations - White Cane	Ψ	94,110	Ψ	96,300
Donations - Other		74,969		70,253
Projects, grants and contributions:		7 1,000		70,200
Eye Health Program		137,155		76,170
Other grants		49,135		81,183
Government of Canada - Sustaining Grant		41,250		41,250
Fundraising		2,197		16,477
Membership fees		15,680		15,150
Investment		3,079		3,181
Rental income		6,858		10,301
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		8,136		13,868
Amortization of leasehold inducement		-		1,467
		2,596,731		2,637,557
_				
Expenses:				
Project and program:		000.040		004 005
Membership awareness campaign		998,613		981,925
Future vision and eye health		252,266		260,559
Chapter support		328,375		247,022
Special campaign - professional fees		291,391		430,100
Skills and training development		244,957		236,714
White Cane		103,330		112,668
Public education and awareness		22,956		33,408
Accessibility and advocacy		41,589		38,634
Sports, recreation and bonspiel		37,464		26,622
World Blind Union		4,455		10,969
		2,325,396		2,378,621
General operating:				
Salaries and benefits		142,164		129,064
Administration		107,159		109,943
Rent and parking		45,332		47,103
Legal and professional fees		22,060		23,869
Amortization of tangible capital and intangible assets		16,845		22,886
		333,560		332,865
		2,658,956		2,711,486
Land to Complete and the complete and th		(00.005)		(70.000)
Loss before the undernoted		(62,225)		(73,929)
Insurance recovery (note 10)		57,171		-
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	\$	(5,054)	\$	(73,929)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended December 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

		Capital fund	General fund	Total 2017	Total 2016
Fund halanges, hasinning of year	\$	33,288 \$	380,439 \$	413,727 \$	487,656
Fund balances, beginning of year	Ф	33,∠00 Φ	, .	, ,	•
Deficiency of revenue over expenses		-	(5,054)	(5,054)	(73,929)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		8,136	(8,136)	-	-
Purchase of tangible capital and intangible assets		60,273	(60,273)	-	-
Amortization of tangible capital and intangible assets		(16,845)	16,845	-	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	84,852 \$	323,821 \$	408,673 \$	413,727

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

		2017		2016
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	\$	(5,054)	\$	(73,929)
Items not involving cash:	•	(=,===)	•	(* 5,5=5)
Amortization of tangible capital and intangible assets		16,845		22,886
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		(8,136)		(13,868)
Change in non-cash operating working capital:		(, , ,		(, ,
Amounts receivable		8,665		(14,212)
Prepaid expenses		4,934		2,755
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		17,643		6,997
Deferred revenue		2,045		(10,056)
Lease inducement		(13,200)		(1,467)
Deferred capital contributions, net		(59,746)		-
		(36,004)		(80,894)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Net disposals (additions) to investments		1,090		(3,020)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of tangible capital and intangible assets		(60,273)		(8,411)
Disposal of tangible capital assets		130,640		-
		70,367		(8,411)
Increase (decrease) in cash		35,453		(92,325)
Cash, beginning of year		213,011		305,336
Cash, end of year	\$	248,464	\$	213,011

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2017

The Canadian Council of the Blind (the "Council") is a registered charitable organization and was inaugurated in 1944 as an organization of clubs of blind persons across Canada.

The Council was incorporated under the Canada Corporations Act, without share capital, in May 1950. Effective November 29, 2013, the Council continued their articles of incorporation from the Canada Corporations Act to the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act. The Council is a registered charity and is exempt from tax pursuant to paragraph 149(1)(f) of the Income Tax Act (Canada).

1. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of presentation:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

The Council follows the deferral fund method of accounting for contributions for not-for-profit organizations.

These financial statements reflect the operations of the Canadian Council of the Blind only and do not include the revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities of Provincial Divisions or other Chapters of the Council.

(b) Fund accounting:

The General Fund accounts for the Council's program delivery and administrative activities.

The Capital Fund accounts for the Council's investment in tangible capital and intangible assets.

(c) Revenue recognition:

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year received or receivable, if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Interest revenue and realized gains and losses on investments are recognized in the year earned. Unrealized gains and losses on investments are recorded in the year in which they occur.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Revenue recognition (continued):

Membership fees and miscellaneous income are recognized as revenue in the year to which they relate.

(d) Tangible capital and intangible assets:

Tangible capital and intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Asset	Useful life

Tangible capital assets:

Computer hardware
Office equipment
Leasehold improvements

5 years 5 years Term of the lease plus first renewal

Intangible assets:

Computer software

5 years

When a tangible capital or intangible asset no longer contributes to the Council's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value.

(e) Deferred capital contributions:

Contributions restricted for the purchase of tangible capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis, at rates corresponding with the amortization rates for the related tangible capital assets.

(f) Expenses:

In the statement of operations, the Council presents its expenses in two functions: Project and Program and General Operating.

Expenses are recognized in the year incurred and are recorded in the function to which they are directly related. The Council does not allocate expenses between functions after initial recognition.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Donated goods and services:

Donations of goods and services are recorded at fair market value, if determinable, when received.

(h) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Council has elected to carry investments at fair value.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using straight-line rate method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year. Where an indicator of impairment is present, the Council determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Council expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial impairment charge.

(i) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed annually and as adjustments become necessary, they are recognized in the financial statements in the period they become known.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

2. Investments:

Investments consist of money market funds of \$309,549 (2016 - \$310,549).

The Council's investment policy restricts investments to low-risk, fixed-term investments and guaranteed investment certificates.

3. Tangible capital and intangible assets:

				2017	2016
		Α	ccumulated	Net book	Net book
	Cost	а	mortization	value	value
Tangible capital assets: Computer hardware Leasehold improvements Office equipment	\$ 157,512 60,644 1,374	\$	137,446 11,075 275	\$ 20,066 49,569 1,099	\$ 17,870 138,409
Intangible assets: Computer software	8,334		7,783	551	2,218
	\$ 227,864	\$	156,579	\$ 71,285	\$ 158,497

Cost and accumulated amortization as at December 31, 2016 amounted to \$367,225 and \$208,728, respectively.

4. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

There are no amounts payable for government remittances such as harmonized sales tax or payroll-related taxes included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

5. Deferred revenue:

	2017	2016
Membership fees Bonspiel registration fees Bonspiel sponsorships Other Deferred insurance recovery - future renovations	\$ 13,115 15,000 - 7,500 25,000	\$ 12,860 23,000 910 21,800
	\$ 60,615	\$ 58,570

6. Deferred capital contributions:

Deferred capital contributions consist of:

	2017	2016
Enabling Accessibility Grant - ramp Deferred insurance recovery - leasehold improvements Insurance recovery - capital asset office & computer equipment	\$ 9,757 39,812 7,758	\$ 125,209 - -
	\$ 57,327	\$ 125,209

7. Fund balances:

The Council considers its capital to consist of its fund balances. The Council's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can promote its mandate while addressing the concerns and interests of its membership and stakeholders. Management continually monitors the impact of changes in economic conditions on its commitments.

The Council is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and its overall strategy with respect to capital remains unchanged from the year ended December 31, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

8. Commitments and guarantee:

(a) Donor recruitment and retention campaign:

The Council has engaged the services of a professional marketing company (the "Company") to conduct a donor recruitment and retention campaign.

In the agreement, the Council and the Company agreed that should the Company's billings be greater than the gross proceeds of all phases of the campaign, then the Company will discount its billings to an amount equal to the gross proceeds, thereby assuring the Council of no possible loss from the campaign.

(b) Leases:

The Council is committed under the terms of certain leases for equipment and premises. Minimum payments under these leases for the next four years and thereafter are as follows:

2018 2019 2020 2021 Thereafter	\$ 48,263 47,761 44,697 36,392 1,266
	\$ 178,379

(c) Guarantee:

In the normal course of business, the Council has entered into a lease agreement for premises. It is common in such commercial lease transactions for the Council as the lessee, to agree to indemnify the lessor for liabilities that may arise from the use of the leased assets. The maximum amount potentially payable under the foregoing indemnities cannot be reasonably estimated. The Council has liability insurance that relates to the indemnifications described above.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

9. Financial risk management:

(a) Market risk:

The Council believes it is not exposed to significant market risk from its financial instruments.

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Council will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Council manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Council prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

(c) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Council is exposed to credit risk with respect to the amounts receivable. The Council assesses, on an annual basis, amounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. At year end, there were no amounts allowed for in amounts receivable.

There has been no change in the risk exposures from 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2017

10. Gain from insurance recovery:

The Council's leasehold improvements with a net book value of \$127,432 was heavily damaged by flooding on March 4, 2017. The Council was insured on leasehold and contents. The matter was settled resulting in an insurance payout out of \$180,802.

	2017
Insurance recovery	\$ 180,802
Insurance recovery applied to:	
Capital assets: leasehold improvements	44,788
Capital assets: computer and office furniture	9,698
Office supplies and additional rent	41,919
Loss on computer equipment (cost of \$4,914 and	
accumulated amortization of \$2,688)	2,226
Ongoing renovations planned for 2018	25,000
	123,631
Gain from insurance recovery	\$ 57,171
	2017
	2017
Cost of destroyed additions in leaseholds improvements:	\$ 194,721
Less: accumulated amortization	67,289
Loss on disposal of impaired leasehold improvements	127,432
Offset by recognition of deferred contributions as follows:	
Offset by recognition of deferred contributions as follows: Leasehold inducement	13,200
Offset by recognition of deferred contributions as follows: Leasehold inducement Capital contributions: enabling accessibility grant	13,200 114,232
Leasehold inducement	,